(XLVIIId YEAR.) THE (No. 2335.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1791.

WARSAW, *July* 16.

BY an eſtafette from Peterſburgh, it appears, that peace between Ruſſia and the Porte is likely to be concluded agreeable to the empreſs's wiſhes, without the interference of Poland.

We look daily for news of importance from the Black Sea, the Ruſſian fleet having been out fourteen days.

VIENNA, *July* 13.

Her majeſty the empreſs, accompanied by the archduke Francis, went yeſterday to Gratz, to wait the return of the emperor.

It is expected, that our ſovereign will be again here on the 16th.

The defeat of the Turks near Babad, about ſix leagues from Brailow, is fully confirmed; the action took place on the 9th of June; and though it laſted but two hours, the Ruſſians killed fifteen hundred of their enemies, took twenty three braſs cannon, eight mortars, more than a thouſand muſkets, and all the ſupplies which were deſtined for Brailow.

The grand vizier is much embarraſſed by this action.

He was in motion for marching towards Siliſtria, but ſuddenly halted his troops. He is fifteen leagues from Brailow; and if the Ruſſians retain their poſition, the communication between Warna and his army muſt be in a great meaſure cut off.

The progreſs of the Ruſſians appears to diſcourage the Turks ſo much, that they do not know which way to turn themſelves.

Notwithſtanding theſe events, the affair between Auſtria and the Turks goes on well, and there is every appearance that it will be brought to maturity on the return of the emperor.

A Ruſſian courier, who is arrived here from Peterſburgh within theſe three days, it is conjectured, has brought an anſwer from the empreſs to the propoſitions of the court of Berlin; and people think they are authoriſed in ſaying, that the determination of the congreſs of Sziſtovia will depend on this anſwer.

It is hoped that the court of Peterſburgh will be animated with the ſame ſentiments with our's, which is, to contribute to a general peace in the North, that the emperor may be at liberty to turn his thoughts another way.

It is whiſpered, that the emperor, on the occaſion of his approaching coronation at Orague, will have an interview with the king of Pruſſia; and that about that time the elector of Saxony will definitively determine on the ſucceſſion to the crown of Poland, as he waits the deciſions of our court and that of Ruſſia on this ſubject.

BRANDENBURGH, *July* 23.

Our troops are to break up their encampment on the 28th of next month, and go into winter quarters, ſo that any attempt on Thorn or Dantzick is not likely to take place.

GERMANY, *July* 27.

The concluſion of the Electoral college with regard to the claims of the German princes upon France, will be certainly formed in a few days. The following is the plan of this concluſion, and which will probably be adopted by the two other colleges of the empire, with the exception of a few trifling modifications.

Plan of the Electoral concluſions.

In conſequence of a decree of the imperial commiſſion touching the princes of the empire that have poſſeſſions in France, and which are injured by the decrees of the national aſſembly, the Electoral college aſſembled in the accuſtomed manner, and it was almoſt unanimouſly agreed,

1. In an act of the empire, which ſhall be drawn by the directory of Mentz, his imperial majeſty ſhall be thanked for his interpoſition with his moſt Chriſtian majeſty, in purſuance of the deſire of the Electoral congreſs, held immediately after his glorious acceſſion.

The moſt ſerene Electors are grieved that his moſt Chriſtian majeſty's anſwer is by no means ſatisfactory, ſince it ſhews that France has no deſire of making reſtitution, or even offering a ſufficient amends either in territories or in ſubjects.

2. His imperial majeſty ſhall be moſt reſpectfully required by the aſſembled empire to make new repreſentations to his moſt Chriſtian majeſty, and to declare, that the general conventions and treaties of peace ſubſiſting between Germany and France ſhall never be departed from; in fine, to inſiſt upon the eſtabliſhment of the ſtates in queſtion upon the footing on which they were before the decrees of the national aſſembly; —but, that the end of theſe repreſentations be ſecurely attained, it has been reſolved, that,

3. All the guarantees, ancient as well as of late date, of the peace of Weſtphalia, and at ſubſequent treaties, as well as all the ſtates of the empire, who have ambaſſadors at the French court, ſhall be called upon, and required by the empire en corps to make manifeſt their participation in this important affair.

4. His imperial majeſty ſhall in the ſame act of the empire, be humbly deſired to enjoin all the circles and ſtates to complete their troops, to the end that they may be immediately enabled to furniſh their contingent in duplo, efficaciouſly to defend the dignity of the German empire, its authority and rights, by employing all thoſe means that are authoriſed by the rights of nature and of nations.

PARIS, *July* 29.

A ſubſcription has been opened here to erect a ſtatue of the late Dr. Franklin, in order to preſerve to diſtant ages the memory of a man, who by inducing France to ſupport the ſtandard of liberty in America, taught her the way to erect it in the heart of her own dominions.

LONDON, *July* 25.

Lord Mansfield has lately declared his recantation on the doctrine of *libels*, and his perfect acquieſcence in the doctrine ſo ably and conſtitutionally laid down by the venerable earl Camden.

Cheap Surgery.——A ſign-board, lately exhibited at a ſmall village in Lancaſhire, expreſſed that the owner drew teeth for 2d. bled for 3d. ſet bones for 4d. and was a midwife, at ten miles diſtance, for 5s.—He has, nevertheleſs, retired with a *fortune*.

July 28. The election of a governor to the DAUPHIN will take place, on Saturday next, in the national aſſembly of France.

When the new conſtitution of France is completed, it is to be hoped that the national aſſembly will take off all guards from the king. If he is diſpoſed to quit the kingdom, let him go; and twenty-ſix millions will then have to try, whether they can exiſt in peace and ſafety by their own labour and care.

The frontier towns of France are ſaid to be extremely defenceleſs—they may be ſo; but it is men, not towns, that are to defend a kingdom, and of the former there are about four millions, devoted to the national aſſembly, and whoſe late conduct ſhews that they will obey the LAW, and ſupport it with their lives whether they approve it or not. This LAW, however, is made for them, by their repreſentatives.

The ſucceſs of the new conſtitution in France will be dreadful to every arbitary monarch in Europe, and upon the queſtion—"Whether it will ſucceed, or not?" depends their fate. It will be dreadful, that their ſubjects ſhould have another nation to whom they may look up, where the lives, the property and the peace of millions are in their own keeping.

July 29. On Sunday laſt, after a review of the national guards of Paris, the volunteers, intended for the defence of frontiers, formed three battalions, and encamped in the plain of Federation, where they wait for the order of their route. They were to be joined, in the courſe of the week, by two battalions of hired troops, and ſome companies of chaſſeurs.

Perfect peace prevailed in Paris on Monday at midnight, when our accounts came away.

In the evening ſitting of the national aſſembly, of the 23d day of July, the attorney-general of the ſixth diviſion appeared at the bar, and informed the aſſembly, that the murderers of the two men, found under the altar of the Champ de Mars, and the perſon who had attempted the life of M. la Fayette, were all in cuſtody, and that criminal proſecutions were already commenced againſt them.

Aug. 2. His majeſty's proclamation, with reſpect to the Birmingham riots, is highly ſatisfactory. Both ſides of the queſtion appear, and both parties equally purſued.

Counter-Revolution.

What rumour has long without ſufficient likelihood affirmed, ſeems now to wear an aſpect more ſerious.—From the frontiers, paſſengers aſſert, that every day ſmall parties of Auſtrian troops arrive, 20, 40, and frequently 60 together, generally in diſguiſe. About 200 ſoldiers have deſerted from the regiments Berwick and Legeois, to join the royal party.

The troops of the emperor, which are now poſted adjoining to, and on the banks of the Rhine, are ſaid to amount to no leſs than 170,000 men.

Aug. 3. The courts of Vienna and Madrid are earneſtly purſuing ſome conceaſed object of political moment. Couriers are continually paſſing with amazing expedition. This, however, touches us not.

The letters of the king and queen of France to Vienna, can contain nothing confidential, for they are all avowedly examined by M. la Fayette and his ſatellites. They are therefore fabricated for their inſpection.

QUEBEC, *Auguſt* 18.

Laſt Thurſday evening arrived here his majeſty's ſhips, Ulyſſes and Reſiſtance in ſeven weeks from Gibraltar, having on board the ſeventh or royal regiment of fuſileers under the command of the colonel his royal highneſs prince Edward.

On Saturday at the caſtle of St. Lewis his royal highneſs received the reſpectful compliment of the officers of the garriſon, civil and military, the clergy, merchants, citizens, &c.

In the afternoon the ladies of Quebec were alſo introduced to his royal highneſs.

On Tueſday the 9th regiment diſembarked on the beach or landing place in the Lower town, where, after having formed, his royal highneſs in compliment to the garriſon made them perform the uſual evolution of a ſalute, the drums beating and muſic playing God ſave the king. They then marched up to the parade before the caſtle, where being drawn up in the preſence of a great concourſe of ſpectators they were viewed by his excellency lord Dorcheſter and his honour general Clarke, his royal highneſs commanded in perſon, in a manner that ſhewed the prince not leſs than the ſoldier. From thence the regiment filed up Port Lewis-ſtreet, depoſited the colour at his highneſs's houſe, and marched to the block-houſe at Cape Diamond.

Saturday laſt arrived here (accompanied by Sir John Johnſton) colonel Brandt, with about 40 chiefs, &c. deputed from the confederated Weſtern nations of Indians, to repreſent to government their ſituation with regard to the United States of America, in the war now carrying on betwixt them.

Sunday they were admitted to a public conference at the caſtle, in which they complained of incroachments on their territories, prayed for the interpoſition of the Britiſh government to accommodate their differences with the ſtates, &c. After having explained the objects of their miſſion, they were referred to next day (Monday) to repreſent their ſituation to his majeſty, and ſaid he would be happy to contribute all in his power to effect the reſtoration of peace on ſolid and advantageous terms.

We are happy to have it in our power to congratulate the public on the very promiſing and forward ſtate of the crop all over the province.

CONCORD, *(N. H.) September* 14.

On Thurſday the 23d of Auguſt, Mr. William Kimball, of Bradford, in Maſſachuſetts, as he was ſtanding with his back towards a Mr. Frye, who had been at work with him, the latter innocently (though raſhly) caught hold of the former, unaware, and with a ſudden exertion, toſſed him over his head, by which unlucky circumſtance Mr. Kimball's neck joint was diſlocated. He was immediately carried to a ſurgeon, but no relief could be had until the Saturday following, when doctor Kitteridge came and ſet the joint; but it had lain too long out of its place—the ſenſe of feeling, from his neck to his feet immediately left him, on the joint's being put into its place; and he died the next Saturday. His mental faculties continued, and he could ſpeak diſtinctly, until a few minutes before he expired. This misfortune may ſerve as a monitor to thoſe who frequently and imprudently divert themſelves in a manner that endangers life.

BENNINGTON, *September* 26.

The return of the marſhal's aſſiſtant, for the county of Bennington, ſtates, that there are in the county 2303 white males, over ſixteen years of age, and 2617 under that age; 5559 white females; 27 black males over, and 4 under, ſixteen; 15 black females. Total of inhabitants, 12,254. To the honour of humanity, NO SLAVES!——

PITTSBURGH, *September* 24.

Lieutenant Jeffers, from Fort Franklin, has related to us the following, in order to ſhew the diſintereſted attachment of Cornplanter to the United States.

A propoſal having been made to ſome of the warriors of the Six Nations to join the hoſtile Indians in order to prevent our army from penetrating into their country, and ſeveral had actually accepted the propoſal, and were endeavouring to perſuade others to join them. As ſoon as the Cornplanter heard of this, he immediately ſent a runner, with a ſpeech, which he ordered to be ſpoke three times to them, the purport of which was, that if they were determined for war to go off immediately, and never return, for ſhould he, or any of his warriors ever ſee them, they would put them to death. This had the deſired effect, the Indians immediately diſbanded, and thus the affair ſubſided.

Captain Buell, of the 2d United States regiment, arrived here on Saturday laſt with a fine company of men, enliſted for three years.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 3.

Extract of a letter from Cape-Francois, September 7.

"Since my laſt I have not been able to leave the army for a moment, which is actually employed againſt the negro inſurgents. They have maſſacred a great number of the whites, and have taken priſoners ſome females of that complexion, whom they force to do the duties of ſervants—They have burned more than 200 ſugar plantations. I was compelled to eſcape by flight, and could ſave nothing;—My wardrobe, my

furniture and plate are all in their poſſeſſion. We have had ſeveral engagements with them, but without any deciſive ſucceſs. Our commanding officer was killed by my ſide, as well as ſeveral officers who were planters in the diſtrict. I hope we ſhall be more fortunate in our next attack. M. de Rouvray, whom you were acquainted with, is commander in chief. The time is preſſing, and I cannot give you a more particular detail at preſent."

By a return of the inhabitants of Virginia, made on the 12th day of Auguſt, 1791, purſuant to an act of congreſs, it appears that that ſtate contains 747,610 perſons, of the following deſcriptions.

Free white males, of 16 years and upwards, 110,936.
Free white males under 16 years, 116,135.
Free white females, 215,046.
All other free perſons, 12,866.
Slaves, 292,627.

The town of	
Alexandria contains	2748
Frederickſburg	1485
Richmond	3761
Peterſburg, comprehending Blandford and Pocahuntas,	2821
Williamſburg	1344
Borough Norfolk	2959
Portſmouth	1702
Wincheſter	1651
York	661

A late account from France mentions, that the flame of patriotiſm ſpreads ſo rapidly through the French provinces, that returns have been made to the municipalities in Paris, of more than half a million of men in arms.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Bridgport, to the editor, dated Auguſt 25.

"On Tueſday evening laſt, Mr. David Corey, of this town, being hunting, wounded a bear, after which he loſt the flint of his gun, which prevented him from firing again; ſome other gentlemen coming into the field, one of whom had an axe in his hand, it was propoſed to kill the bear with clubs; a club being cut, a Mr. Ward took it and approached the bear; the bear immediately diſarmed him, and fell to ſcratching and biting him in the moſt furious manner; the other man coming up killed the bear with his axe, and relieved Mr. Ward, who, though ſhockingly torn, is in a fair way to recover."

ANNAPOLIS, *October* 13.

On Tueſday laſt the Jockey Club purſe of forty guineas, was run for over the courſe near this city, and won by Mr. Tayloe's gray horſe Belle-Air.

On Wedneſday the Jockey Club purſe of twenty guineas, was run for over the ſame courſe, and won by Mr. Lyles's ſorrel horſe Don Quixotte. And

This day the ſubſcription purſe of ſixty pounds was won by Mr. Tayloe's ſorrel horſe Nontoaka.

On Tueſday morning preceding the race for the Jockey Club purſe, a ſingle three-mile heat, for 100 guineas, was run by Nontoaka and Mr. Ringgold's horſe Cincinnatus, and won eaſy by the former.

The following gentlemen are elected members of the houſe of delegates in the enſuing general aſſembly, viz.

For St. Mary's county, Henry James Carroll, William Thomas, jun. James Hopewell and Thomas Bond, Eſquires.

For Anne-Arundel county, John G. Worthington, Richard Harwood, John F. Mercer and Nicholas Worthington, Eſquires.

For Calvert county, Joſeph Wilkinſon, John Cheſley, Thomas Gantt and Thomas Harwood, Eſquires.

For Charles county, William Craik, Caleb Hawkins, William Hanſon M'Pherſon and Henry Hendley Chapman, Eſquires.

For Dorcheſter county, William Goldſborough, Moſes Lecompte, Solomon Frazier and John Eccleſton, Eſquires.

For Prince-George's county, Walter Bowie, Thomas Marſhall, Thomas Clark and Thomas Gantt, Eſquires.

For Frederick county, John Roſs Key, William Beatty, Patrick Sim Smith and George Burkhart, Eſquires.

For Waſhington county, Adam Ott, John Cellar, William Clagett and Benoni Swearingen, Eſquires.

For Allegany county, Thomas Beall, of Samuel, David Creſap, jun. Benjamin Tomlinſon and Gabriel Jacob, Eſquires.

We are requeſted to inſert the following ſtate of the poll at the cloſe of the late election for repreſentatives for Queen-Anne's county, viz.

John Seney, 921—Robert Wright, 876—James O'Brion, 825—Jacob Barnes, 750.

On SATURDAY the 22d inſtant, WILL BE SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, at the houſe of Mr. S. HAMILTON, in Upper-Marlborough,

TEN country-born NEGROES, to wit, one man about 25 years old, ſix women and girls from 15 to 20, and three children. The ſale to begin at 4 o'clock. Credit will be given the purchaſer for one year, on giving bond with approved ſecurity.

October 10th, 1791. 16 3/16

Montgomery county, October 10, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to prefer a petition to the next general aſſembly of the ſtate of Maryland, praying an act to exonerate me from debts which I am unable to pay.

16 3/16 DAVID GEDDES.

October 12, 1791.

By direction of WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Eſquire, agent for the ſtate of Maryland, I ſhall offer for SALE at Bladenſburgh on MONDAY the 31ſt inſtant, for ready caſh,

THAT part of the TRACT of LAND, on which Mr. HUMPHREY BELT now lives, which was purchaſed by WILLIAM KILTY, Eſquire, late agent, to ſatisfy a debt due the ſtate of Maryland, from ſaid Belt, as ſecurity for John Beall, Eſquire, late collector of Prince-Georges county. Wm Campbell

1 Wm. MARBURY, Deputy Agent.

By virtue of a deed of truſt from major Henry Ridgely to the ſubſcriber, WILL BE SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on WEDNESDAY the 16th day of NOVEMBER next, if fair, if not the next fair day thereafter, for ready money,

THE DWELLING PLANTATION of the late Henry Ridgely, with the ſeveral parcels of land thereto adjoining, which are mentioned in ſaid deed, containing about 934 acres; alſo, a tract or parcel of land called WILLIAMS's CONTRIVANCE, containing 320 acres, more or leſs, or ſuch other part of the property in the deed ſpecified, as ſhall be ſufficient to anſwer the purpoſes thereof.

BRICE T. B. WORTHINGTON.

October 13, 1791. 16 9/16 1m

SHERIFF's SALES.

Prince-George's county, October 4, 1791.

TAKEN, by virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, iſſued out of the general court, and will be EXPOSED to SALE, at John Nevitt's tavern, in Nottingham, on the 4th day of November next, for ready caſh, between the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock,

THREE LOTS in the town of Nottingham, with houſes and other improvements thereon; taken as the property of Fielder Bowie, Eſq; to ſatisfy a debt due the ſtate of Maryland. And,

On the ſame day, at four o'clock in the evening, will be EXPOSED to SALE, on the premiſes, the PLANTATION whereon Mr. John Brown now lives, containing about 200 acres; taken as the property of John Brown, to ſatisfy a debt due the ſtate of Maryland. Walter S. Chandler

1 EDWARD L. WAILES, Sheriff.

A LIST of LETTERS

Remaining in the Poſt-Office, Annapolis, which, if not taken up before the fifth day of January next, will be ſent to the General Poſt-Office as dead letters:—

REV. JOHN ASHTON, White Marſh.

Andrew Brown, Samuel Birddall, Annapolis; H. A. Brooke, Arch. Boyd, Prince-George's county; Ignatius Boſwell, Charles county.

David Craufurd, Upper-Marlborough; Thomas Contee, near Nottingham; John Caſey, near Piſcataway; Samuel Cox, Allen's Freſh; Henry Carberry, St. Mary's county; Jeremiah Cox, junior, Calvert county.

Joſeph Dowſon (2), Iſaac Dickſon, Annapolis; Samuel Diggens, Carroll's Manor; Samuel T. Dyſon, and Co. Allen's Freſh; Dare and Allnutt, Hunting creek.

David Engliſh, Calvert county.

John Gwinn (5), Annapolis; James Gibſon, ſen. Lower-Marlborough; Gray and Wilkinſon, Huntingtown; Thomas Gray, Hunting creek; Dr. James Gray, Calvert county.

James Heighe, St. Leonard's creek; Thomas Harriſon, Broad creek; Elizabeth Heighe, Maryland.

Hon. Thomas Johnſon, Annapolis; James Johnſton (2), Port-Tobacco; James Johnſton, Weſt Marlborough; Samuel Johnſon, St. Leonard's creek; Thomas Jenkins, Hunting creek; William Ireland, Hall's creek.

Frederick Limpert, Annapolis; William Leigh, Charles county; Tubman Lowes, Lower Marlborough.

Reuben Merriweather, Anne-Arundel county; Samuel Maynard, Herring Bay; Jacob M'Ceney, Joſeph M'Ceney, Pig-point; Eliſabeth Maddox, Edward Madder, Charles county; Maynard and Whittington, William M'Blair, Lower Marlborough; Coſmo Mackenzie, Calvert county.

Martin Norris, Weſt river.

Richard Parrol, Annapolis.

Henry Ridgely (2), Annapolis; Matthias Redmond, Nottingham; James Ritiche, and Co. care of William M'Bride, Port-Tobacco.

Charles and William Steuart, Dr. James Steuart, Annapolis; Robert John Smith, near Annapolis; Clement Sewall, St. Mary's county; John Stanforth, James Sewell, Hunting creek; Walter Smith, St. Leonard's creek; John Jonathan Spencer, James Stone, Lower Marlborough.

Richard Tilghman (2), Annapolis; Thomas Tillard (2), Pig point; Brian Taylor, St. Leonard's creek.

William Wallace (4), James Weſt, John Weſt (2), John Welſh, Annapolis; John Waſteneys, Herring Bay; James Whittington, Francis Whittington, ſen. Lower Marlborough; Francis Whittington, near Lower Marlborough; Hilliary Wilſon, Hunting creek; Joſeph Wilkinſon (2), Wilkinſon and Gray, Hunting-town.

Mr. Young, Nottingham.

S. GREEN, D. P. M.

*** Thoſe perſons who ſend to the Poſt-Office for LETTERS, are requeſted to ſend the MONEY, as none will be delivered without.

October 5, 1791.

To the CITIZENS of the City of ANNAPOLIS, ANNE-ARUNDEL and PRINCE-GEORGE's Counties.

Gentlemen,

I RESPECTFULLY offer you my ſervices to repreſent your diſtrict in the Congreſs of the United States, become vacant by the reſignation of Mr. Pinkney; and, with earneſt zeal for your public proſperity, I am, Gentlemen,

Your moſt obedient ſervant,

JOHN F. MERCER.

ANNAPOLIS, October 4, 1791. 2

By direction of WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Eſquire, agent for the ſtate of Maryland, I ſhall EXPOSE to SALE, for ready caſh, on MONDAY the 31ſt day of October next, between 12 and one o'clock, at Roſe's tavern, in Bladenſburg,

PART of a TRACT of LAND, called DEAKIN's HALL, containing 264 acres more or leſs, lying in Prince-George's county, late the property of Leonard Marbury Deakins.

4 Wm. MARBURY, Deputy Agent.

Annapolis, October 4, 1791.

By virtue of ſundry writs of *venditioni exponas* and *fieri facias*, to me directed, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on MONDAY the 31ſt inſtant, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at Mr. *George Mann's*,

SUNDRY TRACTS or PARCELS of LAND, viz.

Part of a tract of land called *Snowden's Manor*, ſuppoſed to contain two hundred and ſixty-five acres—taken and ſold as the property of Nathan Waters.

One other parcel or tract of land called *Miles's Chance*, 35 acres, on the mouth of Lyon's creek—taken and ſold as the property of Thomas Miles.

One other parcel or tract of land, about 50 acres, whereon John Chew lives; taken and ſold as the property of John Chew.

2 JAMES WILLIAMS, Sheriff.

TO BE RENTED,

By the SUBSCRIBER, for one Year,

THAT well known STAND for a PUBLIC HOUSE, where *Jonathan Rawlings*, deceaſed, lately lived, with ſixty ACRES of LAND, and a MEADOW that will cut five tuns of hay per year—and poſſeſſion will be given the 19th of November next.

GASSAWAY RAWLINGS.

September 30, 1791. 2

Prince-George's county, September 24, 1791.

On SATURDAY the 19th day of *November* next, WILL BE SOLD, to the higheſt bidder, by the ſubſcriber, at his dwelling houſe,

ABOUT ſeven hundred and forty acres of good LAND, ſituated between Queen-Anne and Belle-Air, and about three miles from the former—The land is well improved, has ſeveral good dwelling houſes, tobacco houſes, corn houſes, &c. on it; alſo, one good mill, with two pair of ſtones, double geared, and one other mill nearly finiſhed, calculated to carry two pair of ſtones as the former, both ſtanding on a conſtant ſtream, the latter ſo near Patuxent that it is propoſed to take water therefrom in addition to the ſtream; both mills are calculated for merchant work. The lands, &c. may be ſeen, and the terms made known, by applying to the ſubſcriber any time before the day of ſale. This property will be ſold together, or divided in parcels, as may be moſt convenient to purchaſers.

3 THOMAS BOYD.

By order of *William Campbell*, Eſquire, agent for the ſtate of Maryland, WILL BE SOLD, on the firſt TUESDAY in November next, between the hours of eleven and one o'clock, if fair, or otherwiſe on the firſt fair day that may happen thereafter, at the houſe of *Peter Lawſon*, Eſquire,

A NUMBER of valuable negroes, conſiſting of men, women and children; a quantity of ſtock of all kinds; as alſo the right of the ſaid Peter Lawſon in and to an undivided moiety or half part of all that part of a tract of land called Bohemia Manor, lying and being in Cæcil county, in the ſtate of Maryland, and in the poſſeſſion of the aforeſaid Lawſon—the ſame to be ſold for caſh, being taken to ſatisfy a debt due the ſtate of Maryland.

3 JAMES ORRICK, Sheriff of Cæcil county.

A HOUSE & LOT TO BE RENTED,

FOR a term of years, near Severn ferry. Application to be made to the Printers hereof, or the guardians of Ruſſell Lee, at Blenheim, Charles county.

September 19, 1790. w 3 3X

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the Hockley Forge, near Elk-Ridge Landing, on Wedneſday night the 14th of September, a roan HORSE, four years old laſt ſpring, about fourteen hands high, branded on both ſhoulders thus, O; trots and gallops, has been lately ſhod before, and ſetlocks trimmed. The above horſe is ſuppoſed to be ſtolen by a certain John Lamb, living in Annapolis, a well dreſſed fellow, of a yellow complexion, and pock marked. Whoever delivers the ſaid horſe to the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive THREE DOLLARS REWARD, or SIX DOLLARS for the horſe and thief, paid by

3X JOSEPH JACOB, Blackſmith.

NOTICE.

THE ſubſcriber intends to petition the general aſſembly, in November next, to pay him for the lot and warehouſes for the reception of tobacco in Upper-Marlborough-town. The rent is kept from him to pay the repairs; he has not received any for ſix years paſt, and has the aſſeſſment to pay annually.

THOMAS CONTEE.

September 10, 1791. 5

NOTICE.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate JAMES FARNANDIS, late of Charles county, deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate payment to the ſubſcriber, and all thoſe to whom he ſtands indebted are deſired to exhibit their accounts, legally authenticated, for payment, to

CHLOE FARNANDIS, Executrix.

Charles county, September 12, 1791. 4X

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT a petition will be preſented to the next general aſſembly of Maryland for an act to prevent SWINE from running at large in the town of BLADENSBURG, Prince-George's county.

September 15, 1791. 4

†*† NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT I intend to apply to the next general aſſembly of Maryland to confirm my title to part of a TRACT of LAND called RICHARD's DELIGHT.

DENNIS NALLEY.

Charles county, Auguſt 20, 1791. 6

☞ NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT there will be a petition preferred before the next general aſſembly of Maryland for a law to paſs empowering ſundry inhabitants of Anne-Arundel county to erect an inſpection houſe, for tobacco, on South river, at a place called and known by the name of Howard's Point, where there formerly was one for that purpoſe, though burnt down by ſome malicious perſon or perſons. 6

☞ NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT I intend to prefer a petition to the next general aſſembly of the ſtate of Maryland, praying an act to liberate me from confinement, and diſcharge from debts which I am unable to pay.

STEPHEN CLARKE.

Annapolis, September 1, 1791. 6

*** NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT the ſubſcriber intends to petition the next general aſſembly of the ſtate of Maryland, at their next ſitting for an act to diſcharge him from debts which he is unable to pay.

RISDON BOZMAN.

Somerſet county, September 7, 1791. 6

☞ NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT I intend applying to the general aſſembly of Maryland, at their next ſeſſion, for redreſs of an injury done my late grand father, NICHOLAS SEWALL, of this county, deceaſed, in the condemnation of a certain tract of land, lying in Dorcheſter county, for the uſe of a tribe or tribes of Indians.

NICHOLAS SEWALL.

St. Mary's county, September 27, 1791. 2

☞ NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT I intend to petition the next general aſſembly of Maryland to reinſtate me in the ſame right to my land in St. Mary's county, that was given by my father for my ſupport, which was changed by the act of confiſcation.

ELIZABETH WILSON.

St. Mary's, Auguſt 26, 1791. 6

THE ſubſcriber is under the diſagreeable neceſſity of informing his creditors, that he intends to petition the next general aſſembly, for a law to relieve him from debts he is unable to pay.

MARSH M. DUVALL. 6

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the ſubſcriber intends to petition the next general aſſembly, that an act may paſs to empower her to collect, by way of execution, all public taxes due to Benjamin Howard as collector for the year 1786, alſo all county charges and officers fees, and all fees or other balances due to him as ſheriff and collector of the county for the years 1788 and 1789.

MARTHA HOWARD, Executrix.

Anne-Arundel county, Auguſt 30, 1791. 7

NOTICE,

THAT the underſigned having been already attached to anſwer a claim he is entirely incapacitated, by inſolvencies and loſſes in trade, to ſatisfy fully without doing material injury to the reſt of his creditors; and it being his wiſh to render as equal juſtice to them as poſſible—he is conſtrained to manifeſt his intention of petitioning the legiſlature of Maryland, at their next meeting, to relieve his perſon from arreſt, on his giving up his property, real and perſonal, in truſt, for the benefit of thoſe who have claims againſt him, either on his private account, or on account of the firms in which he has concerned. He intends alſo to petition the legiſlature, in a ſimilar manner, in behalf of his brother, who is beyond ſea.

BEN. CONTEE.

Charles county, September 19, 1791. 4

Calvert county, Auguſt 24, 1791.

THE ſubſcriber is under the diſagreeable neceſſity of informing his creditors, that he intends to petition the legiſlature at their next ſeſſion, for an act to liberate him from debts which he is not able to diſcharge, as the number of ſuits already inſtituted againſt him render a payment impracticable.

FRANCIS KING. 7

Prince-George's county, October 1, 1791.

THE ſubſcriber, from a variety of cauſes and misfortunes, is under the diſagreeable neceſſity of giving this public notice, that he means to petition the next general aſſembly of this ſtate to releaſe him from debts which he is unable to pay, upon his giving up all his property for the uſe of his creditors.

BENJAMIN BELT, ſen. 2

Kent county, September 18, 1791.

THIS is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that, from a variety of cauſes and misfortunes which have befallen me, I am rendered incapable of paying my debts; I therefore intend to petition the next general aſſembly of this ſtate to be releaſed and diſcharged from the payment of my debts, whether in my own name, or the name of Thomas Smyth and Sons, upon delivering up all my property for the benefit of my creditors.

THOMAS SMYTH. 4

Montgomery county, September 18, 1791.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the ſubſcriber, being in cuſtody under an execution for a large ſum of money, is under the neceſſity of applying to the general aſſembly, at their next ſeſſion, for an act to releaſe him from confinement, and diſcharge him from all debts heretofore contracted, upon his delivering up all his property.

SAMUEL OFFUTT. 3

St. Mary's county, September 17, 1791.

THE ſubſcriber is under the diſagreeable neceſſity of informing her creditors that ſhe intends to petition the legiſlature, at their next ſeſſion, for an act to liberate her from confinement for debts which ſhe is unable to diſcharge.

MARY ROACH. 3X

BY HIS EXCELLENCY

John Eager Howard, Eſquire,

GOVERNOR of MARYLAND.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by the depoſition of REZIN HAMMOND, Eſquire, of Anne-Arundel county, it appears, that on the morning of the 25th of April laſt ELIJAH GAITHER, ſon of *Edward*, came to the dwelling of the ſaid Hammond, and fired at him two piſtols and a gun, with intention, as the ſaid Hammond believes, to kill him: And whereas, by the depoſition of JOHN G. HAMILTON, of Montgomery county, it appears, that the ſaid Gaither afterwards, in converſation with him, acknowledged the facts ſet forth in the depoſition above mentioned, except the firing of the gun, and declared that he did diſcharge the ſaid piſtols with a deſign to kill the ſaid Hammond, and did then further declare that it was ſtill his ſettled determination to kill the ſaid Hammond whenever an opportunity ſhould offer: And whereas it is obviouſly the duty of the executive to guard as much as may be againſt the commiſſion of ſuch enormities, and to bring ſuch offenders againſt the laws and peace of ſociety to juſtice—I have therefore thought proper, by and with the advice of the council, to iſſue this my proclamation, authoriſing and enjoining all ſheriffs, and other officers of the peace, to apprehend and convey before ſome one of the judges or juſtices within this ſtate, the ſaid Elijah Gaither, in order that he may be dealt with according to law; and I do hereby exhort and require the good people of this ſtate to be aiding and aſſiſting the ſaid officers in the execution of their duty.

GIVEN at Annapolis, under the ſeal of the ſtate of Maryland, this ſeventh day of June, in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-one.

J. E. HOWARD.

By his Excellency's command,

T. JOHNSON, jun. *Secretary.*

GOD SAVE THE STATE.

*** ORDERED, That the above proclamation be publiſhed ſix weeks.

T. JOHNSON, jun.

I HEREBY offer a reward of FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS for apprehending the above-mentioned *Elijah Gaither*, agreeable to the foregoing proclamation, and will pay the ſame upon his being brought before any one of the judges of the general court, or either of the aſſociate juſtices of Anne-Arundel county, to be dealt with according to law.

REZIN HAMMOND.

June 7, 1791.

Meſſrs. GREEN,

IN order fully to diſcloſe the wicked and premeditated intent of Elijah Gaither, in his attack on me, be pleaſed to publiſh in your paper the depoſition of John G. Hamilton, which is as follows:

REZIN HAMMOND.

MARYLAND, ſs.

ON the ſecond day of June, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-one, came before me, the ſubſcriber, one of the judges of the general court, JOHN G. HAMILTON, and made oath, that on or about the thirteenth of May laſt he was in company and had converſation with Elijah Gaither, ſon of Edward, and that, in the courſe of the ſaid converſation, the ſaid Gaither informed this deponent as follows:—That he had had a round with colonel Rezin Hammond, of Anne-Arundel county; that the ſaid Hammond had injured his reputation, and that, in conſequence thereof, he, the ſaid Gaither, for ſeveral months before, had premeditated and determined to kill him, and that he came down from New-York for that purpoſe; that having diſcovered in Baltimore-town that colonel Hammond had brought ſuits againſt him, he immediately hired horſes, provided himſelf with three braces of piſtols, all which he loaded, or cauſed to be loaded, with three bullets and two buck-ſhot each, and a gun, which was loaded with three bullets and a quantity of ſhot, after which (viz. on Eaſter Monday before day-light) he, the ſaid Gaither, ſtarted with his ſervant from Elk-Ridge for colonel Hammond's place of reſidence with a full determination to kill him, and arrived at the farm juſt after day-break; that he placed and concealed himſelf in a certain field belonging to the ſaid farm, where it was uſual for colonel Hammond to paſs every morning, and ſo concealed, together with his ſaid ſervant, waited for ſome time in expectation of the ſaid Hammond coming along, during which time he, the ſaid Gaither, and his ſervant, watched for him alternately; that ſome time after ſunriſe he, the ſaid Gaither, finding that the ſaid Hammond did not paſs through the ſaid field as he expected, ſent his ſervant up to the houſe to inquire if the ſaid Hammond was at home, and if poſſible to diſcover and give him information whether the ſaid Hammond intended to come out, and which way he intended to go, who was at the houſe with him, and whether he was ſtill in bed or not; that his ſervant returned and informed him that Mr. Hammond was at home and in bed, and no body with him; whereupon the ſaid Gaither formed the deſign of going up to the houſe, entering Mr. Hammond's room (with which the ſaid Gaither was well acquainted) and aſſaſſinating him while in bed, but that he changed this reſolution from an apprehenſion that he might be diſcovered before he could carry his views into execution; that he remained in his firſt ſituation until about eight o'clock, when he and his ſervant rode up to the houſe with the gun and piſtols aforeſaid; that when he arrived there, he ſent one of Mr. Hammond's negroes into the houſe to inform Mr. Hammond that he wanted to ſpeak with him; that Mr. Hammond came into the yard and invited him to alight and walk in, which he refuſed; that Gaither then aſked Mr. Hammond to come up to him, as he wiſhed to ſpeak with him; whereupon Mr. Hammond ſaid, I ſee you are armed, and if I come to you, you will ſhoot me; that Gaither then promiſed upon his honour he would not, and that he made uſe of this promiſe as an artifice to get Mr. Hammond in his power; that Mr. Hammond then went within ſeven ſteps or thereabouts of him, and Gaither ordered him to ſtop, gave his gun to his ſervant, and alighted from his horſe, at which time two of his piſtols fell from his belt; that he thereupon offered Mr. Hammond a piſtol, and inſiſted upon fighting, which Mr. Hammond declined, becauſe there were no witneſſes by, but offered to fight at any ſubſequent day if he was bent upon it; that Gaither would not defer it, and ſaid Mr. Hammond ſhould either fight him that moment, or he would kill him; that, on hearing a noiſe behind him, proceeding from the approach of a negro or negroes, he, the ſaid Gaither, turned in order to keep the ſaid negro or negroes off, and that then colonel Hammond run from him towards the houſe; that he turned about, and before he had run many ſteps, he the ſaid Gaither levelled one of his piſtols at him, and fired the ſame, and was aſtoniſhed that he miſſed him, as he never took a more cool and deliberate aim in his life; that as ſoon as he found he had miſſed him, he drew another piſtol, and before Mr. Hammond had run above fifteen ſteps, he fired that alſo at him, and thought he ſaw the wadding burning on his back; that thereupon, although Mr. Hammond did not fall, he the ſaid Gaither concluded he had killed him; but finding that he continued to run until he got into the houſe, and ſuppoſing that Mr. Hammond intended to get a gun, and return with it, he the ſaid Gaither took his gun from the ſervant, and got behind the pales of the yard, and levelled his gun over the pales, with his finger upon the trigger ready to fire as ſoon as Mr. Hammond ſhould come out; that Mr. Hammond did come out of the houſe with a gun in his hand, and fired at him, and ſtruck him in the left hand; that thereupon, under an apprehenſion that Mr. Hammond's negroes were coming to attack him, one of which had a gun, and fearing Mr. Hammond would alſo get another gun, he mounted his horſe, and as he was mounting the ſaid negro fired and ſtruck him on the neck and left ſhoulder; that then the ſaid Gaither went off; that the ſaid Gaither, at the time of the above converſation, further declared, that he was not yet ſatisfied, and would always go prepared for the ſaid Hammond, and would kill him wherever he met him, and expreſſed his regret and complained that he was unfortunate in not having killed him before; that this deponent endeavoured to diſſuade the ſaid Gaither from the further proſecution of his revenge, but that ſuch diſſuaſions, inſtead of having any ſalutary effect upon him, only ſeemed to make him the more determined; and that the ſaid Gaither further declared, that he could reconcile it to his conſcience to hire aſſaſſins to take away the life of the ſaid Hammond; and that the debt for which Mr. Hammond had brought ſuit againſt him was a juſt debt, but that he never would pay it, and would kill him, or any one elſe, if he ever aſked for it. Sworn before me on this 3d June, 1791.

True Copy. 7X J. T. CHASE.

SCHEME
OF A
LOTTERY,
For the disposal of PROPERTY belonging to Mr. JAMES PATTISON.

		£.	s.	d.
1 Prize of	1 full-blooded mare,	50	0	0
1	1 do.	45	0	0
1	1 mare colt,	40	0	0
1	1 mare,	35	0	0
1	1 do.	15	0	0
1	1 do.	12	0	0
1	1 mare colt,	15	0	0
1	1 do.	15	0	0
1	1 do.	15	0	0
1	1 do.	12	0	0
1	1 do.	12	0	0
1	17½ yards of black silk mode,	15	10	7½
1	52½ do. fine spotted jeans,	12	3	9
1	16½ do. striped muslin,	10	3	4
1	23½ do. fine spotted jeans,	7	14	4½
1	31½ do. black calimanco,	5	9	4½
1	23½ do. striped cotton,	5	5	9
1	1 mill-saw,	4	12	6
1	50 yards of broad coloured ribbon,	4	3	5
1	17 do. soufflee gauze,	3	16	6
1	24½ do. white flannel,	3	14	7½
1	23½ do. calimanco,	3	0	8½
1	21½ lbs. of antimony,	2	13	9
1	12½ yards of white durants,	2	4	11
1	2 gross and 3 dozen horn buttons,	2	3	0
1	31 China cups and saucers,	2	2	10½
1	8 shawls,	1	16	0
1	7 gauze handkerchiefs,	1	15	0
1	13½ yards of narrow lace,	1	10	4½
1	2 black silk hats,	1	10	0
1	1 pair of mens slippers, & 1 jeanet vest shape,	1	10	0
1	2 do. brass candlesticks,	1	10	0
1	18 lbs. coffee,	1	10	0
1	8 gauze handkerchiefs,	1	8	0
1	43 dozen mohair buttons,	1	6	10
1	2 large bowls,	1	6	8
1	2 shawls,	1	5	0
1	1 worsted breeches pattern & 6¾ yards of gauze,	1	4	9
1	1 large bowl & soup tureen,	1	4	7
1	2 pair of brass candlesticks,	1	4	0
1	4 gauze handkerchiefs,	1	4	0
1	1 pair of mens leather shoes, and 3 yards of shalloon,	1	4	0
1	6 pair of cloth breeches,	1	2	6
1	2 large bowls,	1	2	6
1	5 large dishes,	1	2	6
1	1 scarlet vest shape, and 3 pieces of fine Dutch tape,	1	2	6
1	3 pair of cotton stockings,	1	2	6
1	2 do. do.	1	2	6
1	4 yards narrow lace, & 3 yards white buckram,	1	2	4
1	4½ do. Red Persian,	1	2	3
1	3 pair worsted stockings & 4 sticks of twist,	1	2	0
1	6½ yards of blue sagathy,	1	1	10½
1	1 pair fine worsted stockings, 2 pair garters, & 1 piece worsted bind	1	1	6
1	1 do. thread stockings, & 10½ thousand pins,	1	1	6
1	30½ dozen shirt buttons, & 12 small sticks twist,	1	1	3
1	1 lb. of ounce thread,	1	1	4
1	6 small dishes, and 3 large stone butter pots,	1	1	6
1	17 cups & saucers, & 12 milk pots with covers,	1	0	9
1	4 yards white Persian,	1	0	0
1	2 pair cotton stockings,	1	0	0
1	22 cups, 26 saucers, and 8 salt stands,	1	0	0
1	6½ yards spotted gauze, & 2 gauze handkerchiefs,	0	19	10
1	2 gauze aprons, & 1 gauze handkerchief,	0	19	6
1	3 gross small horn buttons, and 2 butter boats,	0	19	6
1	0⅞ lb. ounce thread, & 13 thimbles,	0	19	8
1	1 pair silver plated spurs, & 3 dozen small mohair buttons,	0	19	8
1	2 quart mugs, & 1 pair of brass candlesticks,	0	19	0
1	8 yards of striped soufflee gauze, and 1 gauze handkerchief,	0	19	0
1	8½ dozen breakfast plates, and 5 sugar pots with covers,	0	18	6
1	1 lb. of ounce thread, and 6 silk laces,	0	18	9
1	1 lb. fine slip thread, and 8 slips balandine,	0	18	6
1	6 mustard pots, 11 white saucers, and 2 adzes,	0	18	2
1	26 penknives,	2	3	4
1	2 black silk bonnets,	3	10	0
1	2 shawls,	3	10	0
1	4 do.	3	17	0
1	3 pair thread stockings,	2	5	0
1	3 pieces narrow worsted bind,	2	5	0
2	2 worsted breeches patterns,	3	0	0
2	1 large trunk,	3	0	0
2	6 lb. of allspice,	1	16	0
3	2 pair fine worsted stockings,	3	15	0
3	2 shawls,	4	10	0
4	4 yards blue cloth,	4	0	0
4	1 vest shape of stripe cassimer,	5	12	0
4	2 do. scarlet,	6	0	0
4	3 pieces broad worsted bind,	4	10	0
5	5 gauze handkerchiefs,	5	0	0
5	80 sticks worsted cruels,	5	0	0
5	1 pair of seal skin slippers,	3	15	0
6	25 lb. large Bristol shot,	10	0	0
7	1 handsome waistcoat shape,	7	17	6
7	2 Jeanet do.	10	10	0
8	5 ells check,	6	8	5
8	1 coverlid,	12	0	0
8	24 pair of garters,	7	4	0
10	1 do. womens sattin shoes and slippers,	11	5	0
11	2 do. mens leather shoes,	11	0	0
11	1 pewter dish,	8	10	0
14	5 ells of check,	12	19	6
68	7 yards of Irish linen,	84	14	4
81	44 do. osnabrigs,	85	2	6
367	Prizes	730	13	9
633	Blanks. Contingent expences,	19	6	3
1000	Ticket at 15s. each, is	750	0	0

***

THE advantages of the above SCHEME are very obvious—It is well calculated to suit adventurers, from the valuable variety of its prizes—which are also very numerous—It is therefore intended to be drawn on the 20th of October next, in this city; previous to which, TICKETS may be had at the *Printing-Office*; of *William Hammond*, *Barruck Fowler*, at Mr. *Stevens's*; *William Foxcroft*, *William Alexander*, and *John Addison*, Annapolis—At Lower-Marlborough, of captain *Thomas Harwood*, *William Allein*, *Robert Moore*, Dr. *Parran*, *James M'Blair*, and *James Whittington*—Of *Joseph Griffith*, at St. Leonard's creek—and also of *James Pattison*, at Herring bay. 2

*** For the information of adventurers, a list of the prizes will be published in the Maryland Gazette.

Five Pounds Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, within one mile of Severn chapel, on or about the 6th day of August, 1791, a negro man named CÆSAR, about 44 years of age, five feet eleven inches high; he is a stout square well made fellow, and when out of temper speaks very loud; he has remarkable small legs for a man of his size, and large flat feet; he was formerly the property of Mrs. Lewin of this county, who raised him, has since had several masters before he became the property of the subscriber; had on, and took with him, a new felt hat, osnabrig shirt and one white ditto, striped Holland trousers, and a short blue jacket: He is a very artful fellow, and probably will change his name and cloaths and pass for a freeman. Whoever secures the said negro in the gaol of the county where he is taken, or in any other gaol, so that the owner may get him again, shall receive THREE POUNDS, or the above reward if brought home, with all reasonable charges, paid by 6 LANCELOT WARFIELD.

Anne-Arundel county, August 31, 1791.

I HEREBY give notice, that I mean to apply to the next general assembly of the state of Maryland, for an act of insolvency in my favour, being unable to pay my debts, 7 ISAAC SIMMONS.

☞ *NOTICE is hereby given,*

THAT application will be made to the general assembly, at their session in November next, for an act to subject the lands within the city of Washington, in the territory of Columbia, belonging to infants, persons insane or absent, or who will not agree to the same terms as the proprietors in general have, by agreement, subjected their lands to within the same city, instead of the common mode of condemnation on a valuation by jury.

September 9, 1791. 5

Kent county, August 23, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a number of the inhabitants of Kent county intend to petition the next general assembly of Maryland, to pass an act to empower the county court of said county to cause a new road to be opened from Isaac Perkins's mills to New-Market, and in their discretion to shut up or leave open part of the old road from Marches lane to New-Market aforesaid, and to tax the county (or in their option the persons concerned) the expence and damages incurred for opening the said new road. 7

October 5, 1791.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of STEPHEN STEWARD, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are hereby desired to make immediate payment, and those who have claims against the said estate are requested so bring them in properly authenticated, that they may be adjusted, by

2 STEPHEN STEWARD, Admr.

THE subscribers hereby forewarn all persons whatever from hunting, with either dog or gun, on the lands in South river neck belonging to the estate of William Sanders, lately deceased.

Oct. 4, 1791. 2 F. GREEN, W. W. DAVIS.

By virtue of a decree of the chancery court, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on Saturday the twenty-second of October next, at the house of Mr. S. Hamilton, in Upper-Marlborough, at three o'clock, P. M.

A LOT of ground in the said town, late in the possession of Mr. BERNARD SHANLY, on which is a large framed dwelling house, two story high, and almost new, some out houses, and a garden pailed in.

——ALSO,——

A tract of land called COVERT, containing one hundred and four acres, in Prince George's county, on the road from Upper-Marlborough to the Eastern-Branch ferry, and about eight miles from each place. The purchasers to give bond, with security (to be approved by the chancellor) for the payment of one half of the purchase money, with legal interest thereon, within one year, and the residue with legal interest thereon within two years from the day of sale, on the receipt of which, deeds will be executed to them pursuant to the decree above mentioned.

JOHN READ MAGRUDER, Trustee.

September 20th, 1791. 4X

Annapolis, October 4, 1791.

By virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, to me directed, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on MONDAY the 24th instant, at ten o'clock, at the late dwelling house of major Henry Ridgely, Elk-Ridge,

ALL kinds of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, and sundry other ARTICLES, viz.

Seven feather beds, bedsteads and bedding, tables, chairs, looking-glasses, chest of drawers, an eight day clock, china of different kinds, about 7½ lbs. of silver plate, about 40 head of hogs, some wheat, rye, oats and hay, in stacks; the crop of Indian corn, of about 200 barrels, in the field, and fodder; and sundry other articles. The sale to continue till all are sold. Taken and sold as the property of Henry Ridgely, by

2 JAMES WILLIAMS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sales.

St. Mary's county, September 19, 1791.

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, to me directed from the general court of the western shore of the state of Maryland, will be SOLD, on Friday the 27th day of October next, at the dwelling plantation of John Cartwright, Esq; for ready cash,

A LIFE ESTATE in the third part of the said plantation commonly called Marsh Neck, containing by estimation 824 acres, more or less. One other tract or parcel of land, being part of Chapico Manor, containing 131 acres, more or less. One other tract or parcel of land called Trent Fork, having a grist mill thereon, containing 125 acres, more or less. Also one other tract or parcel of land called The Ridge and Part of Ludgate, containing by estimation 75 acres, more or less.

——ALSO,——

A number of valuable negroes, consisting of men, women, boys and girls; horses, black cattle, hogs and sheep, with a variety of household and kitchen furniture; also, a quantity of corn and tobacco. Sold as the property of the above named John Cartwright to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland, as late collector of St. Mary's county.

4 PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

St. Mary's county, September 19, 1791.

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, to me directed from the general court of the western shore of the state of Maryland, will be SOLD, for ready cash, on Saturday the 28th day of October next, on the premises,

THE DWELLING PLANTATION of Mr. Stephen Cawood, called Westham, containing by estimation 198½ acres, more or less. One other tract or parcel of land called Cawood's Inheritance, containing 10 acres, more or less.

——ALSO,——

Sundry negroes, horses, black cattle, sheep and hogs and household furniture, together with a quantity of corn and tobacco. Sold as the property of the above named Stephen Cawood, to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland, as one of the securities of John Cartwright, Esquire, late collector of St. Mary's county.

4 PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

St. Mary's county, September 19, 1791.

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, to me directed from the general court, will be SOLD, on Saturday the 28th day of October next, for ready cash, on the premises,

A TRACT or parcel of land called Collingwood, containing 100 acres, more or less. One other tract or parcel of land called Collingwood, containing 102 acres, more or less. Also, one other tract or parcel of land called Bedlam Neck, containing 383 acres, more or less. Sold as the property of Clement Gardiner, to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland, as one of the securities of John Cartwright, Esquire, late collector of St. Mary's county.

4 PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

THE creditors of WILLIAM RUSSELL, (an insolvent debtor) are requested to meet in Chester-town on Monday the 7th day of November next, with their respective claims properly attested.

THO. WORRELL, Administrator of EDWARD, late sheriff of Kent county. 3

ANNAPOLIS:
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